THE

VIRGINIA JOURNAL,

AND

ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

CONGERITUR HUC UNDIQUE GAZA VIRG.

(VOL. IV.) THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1787. (No. 174.)

William Lowry and Company,

Have just imported a general and extensive assortment of

Spring GOODS,

Per the Charlotte, Captain Lambert, and the Mary, Captain Andrews, from London, which will be landed in a few days.

(Particulars at large will be in a future paper.)

FOR SALE,

A PAIR of half worn COLOGNE MILL-STONES, together with a full SET of IRON WORKS for a double geered Grist-Mill.

LEWIS HIPKINS.

Little-Falls of Potomack,
May 21, 1787.

THE partnership of THOMAS PETERS and CO. late proprietors of the Baltimore strong beer brewery, being dissolved, the public are hereby advised that the said brewery will be hereafter carried on under the firm of PETERS and CO.—It being the intention of the present proprietors, so soon as barley can be procured, to carry on the business in an extensive and punctual manner, both for shipping and house consumption. Great attention will be paid to the quality of the strong and small beer brewed at said works———But as inconvenience and losses have arisen from giving credit, those who may favor the Company with their orders, will be pleased to observe, that in future no beer will be delivered before the money is paid.

A good price will be given for any quantity of BARLEY or HOPS delivered at the works.

PETERS and CO.

Baltimore, May 21, 1787.

I HAVE on hand about One Thousand Pounds first cost of GOODS, which I will sell at a low advance, for cash, bills, tobacco or flour, and will give a reasonable credit.

JOSEPH NOBLE BAYNES.

Piscataway, Prince George's County, May 16, 1787.

On Monday the 18th of June next, being Fairfax Court, will be sold at the Court-House, for ready-money and short credit,

SEVERAL valuable NEGROES, of every age and sex, most of them the property of Doctor George D. Alexander, deceased.

Likewise, the STOCK of all kinds will be sold either at private or public sale.

Also, LAND to be rented and sold.

☞ Every person indebted to the estate of Doctor GEORGE D. ALEXANDER and to me are desired to make immediate payment, otherwise suits will be brought against them.

ROBERT ALEXANDER.

May 23, 1787.

To be sold for ready-money, at Leesburg, on Tuesday the 12th of June next, being Loudon Court week, agreeable to the last will of Doctor Jacob Coutsman, deceased,

THE residue of the deceased's estate, in order for a division thereof, consisting of two HOUSES and LOTS, also two NEGRO WOMEN, one of them has two children.—For a more accurate description of this property inquire of

PATRICK CAVAN.

Leesburg, Loudon County,
May 21, 1787.

☞ Said Cavan wishes to sell or rent a variety of HOUSES and LOTS in said town, on reasonable terms.

STRAYED or stolen from the commons of Alexandria, the latter end of last winter, TWO HORSES, the one a small dark bay gelding (I believe) marked G. paces a little and rather dull; the other a bright bay horse colt, uncut and unbroke, about 3 years old, and a blaze face.—If any one can inform me where they are, or bring them to me, he shall be reasonably rewarded,

ROBERT ALEXANDER.

May 23, 1787.

William H. Powell and Company,

Acquaint their friends and the public that they have removed their store to the three story brick house, on Fairfax-street, next door to Messrs. Robinson, Sanderson and Rumney, where they have for sale, by wholesale and retail, an assortment of GOODS suitable for the season, viz.

SUPERFINE and second broadcloths,
Irish sheetings,
Ditto linens,
A large quantity of jeans, jeanets, fustians, &c.
An elegant assortment of calicoes,
Thread hose,
Hats,
Mens' and womens' saddles, in small packages,
London porter in bottles,
Excellent ale in ditto,
Hard, queens' and wooden ware, &c. &c. &c.

☞ They request all persons indebted to them to make speedy payment, as they are very anxious to have the business of the preceding year finally settled.—Those who are unable to comply with the above request, will please give their notes for their respective balances.—Any application for credit hereafter will be unnecessary, as they are determined to sell the GOODS on hand at a low price for present pay only.

Alexandria, April 5, 1787.

Porter & Ingraham,

Have just received, and now ready for sale, at their store on Fairfax-street, between King and Prince streets, a general assortment of MERCHANDISE, which they will dispose of on very reasonable terms, by wholesale and retail, for Cash, Tobacco, Flour or Ginseng;

Amongst which are,

BROADCLOTHS, shalloons, calamancoes, tammies and durants,
Cardinals trimmed with snail and ermine,
Russel and Calamanco petticoats,
Moreens, fustians and bed-ticks,
Nankeens, a beautiful assortment of calicoes,
Irish linens, brown sheetings,
Mens' and womens' strong and fine leather shoes,
Womens' coloured and lasting ditto,
A variety of check handkerchiefs,
Silk ditto,
Muslin ditto,
Plain and figured lawns,
Kenting aprons and handkerchiefs,
Needle worked aprons,
Gauze aprons and handkerchiefs,
Fans,
Italian flowers and feathers,
Ribbons and Umbrellas,
Mens' and womens' cotton and thread hose,
Mens' black and white silk ditto,
Mens' and womens' beaver and kid gloves,
Black silk mitts,
Thread and sewing silk,
Writing-paper, quills and wafers,
Playing Cards, &c.

A large ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE,

HL from 6 to 12 inch hinges,
H from 3 to 10 inch ditto,
Butts,
Table, desk and chest locks,
Chest double and single ditto,
Desk, till and cupboard ditto,
Wood screws, gimlets and cloak-pins,
Screw rings and knobs,
Steel and iron plate handsaws,
Sash and Dovetail ditto,
Rasps and files,
Knives and forks,
Cutteau and penknives,
Scissors,
Drawing knives,
Pump and other hammers,
Calking irons,
Marking irons,
Brass cocks,
Pins and needles,
Brass, iron and japanned candlesticks,
Cork screws,
Buckles,
Money scales,
Bridle bitts and stirrup irons.

A few quarter casks Madera and Sherry Wines, Liverpool Salt, best Swedish Iron in bars, German Steel, Plough Shears, Roll Brimstone, White Lead in kegs, Chocolate, Spermaceti Candles, Sewing Twine, Gunpowder, Hyson, Souchong and Bohea Teas, &c. &c.

Alexandria, March 15, 1787.

LONDON, February 20.

SEVERAL months since, a medicinal correspondent (in the General Evening Post) gave the history of a disease, introduced by the fashionable practice of transplanting teeth: The patient, a young lady of great beauty and merit, after having been attended by some of the most eminent physicians in this metropolis, sunk under the disorder. Since that period, a more particular and alarming account of it has been given by the ingenious Doctor Duncan of Edinburgh in the following words:

"A new disease has lately been discovered in London, occasioned by the transplanting of teeth from the head of one person to that of another. The mortality from it is computed at nearly two deaths to ten diseases; and about one in every hundred who receive the teeth by transplantation is affected by this disease. Ulcerations of the throat and gums, with eruptions on the skin, are its chief marks. When death takes place, it is from the occurrence of sphacelus. For five or six weeks after transplanting, the teeth look well, and are as firm as others. A cure has been attempted by Peruvian bark; and it has proved fatal after the use of mercury, although some cases have yielded to medicine."

March 12. *Bella, horrida Bella!*———Church *versus* Church—Rome against Rome itself.—The Elector of Cologne has taken up arms, we mean the scribling weapons, against the Pope's Legate, and of course his Holy Master. This paper war, which may become more serious hereafter, first arose in consequence of an imprudent or rather impudent mandate from the Nuncio, who, though not acknowledged in that quality within the Electorate of Cologne, but simply as a private resident, attempting to play the *petit papier*, gave himself the airs of declaring void and null the marriage dispensation granted by the Elector. The latter instantly issued out his sovereign proclamation, forbidding all parish Rectors paying the least attention to the circular letter of the Roman Prelate, whom his Electorate Highness stiles a *foreign Bishop, who assumes the title of Nuncio from the Holy See to Cologne*; but, on the contrary, to return the same under cover to the writer, and require of the Post-Masters a certificate of their having complied with the injunction. This Anti-papel proclamation is dated Munster, December 17, 1786.

MARCH 23.

By the following note, it appears, that Lord George Gordon has escaped from the Cell of *Bedlam*, though not yet cured of his insanity:—The story of the two persons alluded to, as being confined for life by order of the Ecclesiastical Court (says our correspondent) has no other foundation than the ravings of this unhappy Maniac.

Copy of a Note from Lord George Gordon, to the Archbishop of York.

"Lord George Gordon presents his compliments to the Archbishop of York, and thinks it his duty to acquaint his Grace that he has received a letter from a Dissenting congregation near Nottingham, complaining of the proceedings of the Ecclesiastical Court under his Grace's authority; and desiring him to apply to the Court of King's Bench on their behalf, and at their expence, to obtain liberty for Mrs. Bush and Mrs. Roe, lately imprisoned for life. Lord George Gordon having found favor in the eyes of his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the greatest attention and politeness from the Doctor and Proctors of the Metropolitan Court, employed against him, in his own case, feels himself bound by every tie of gratitude and good breeding to communicate his intelligence on this subject to the Archbishop of York himself, that the inferior officers may submit the whole process to his Grace's own revision and consideration, or that any other step, more agreeable to the benevolent disposition and the wisdom of the Lord High Almoner, may be taken, before Lord George proceeds further for the relief of that congregation. Lord George Gordon humbly requests to know his Grace's pleasure as soon as convenient, as Mrs. Roe has been torn from the arms of her husband and three small children, and Mrs. Bush has been brought to bed, only ten days, and God alone knows what the consequences may be which these distresses and imprisonments may bring upon them and their families.

Wellbeck-street, March 7, 1787."

The Archbishop returned a verbal message to Lord George, that, "No answer would be given."

March 28. The report current at the Hague last week, gives an alarming account of the situation of North-Holland: In many of the villages, and Horn and Enkhuysen in particular, the two parties of

Patriots and *Stadtholderians* had riſen to ſuch a height, that *vi & armis* was wielded on both ſides, with great fury and devaſtation.—Much blood had been ſpilt in conſequence, and the Magiſtrates had been obliged to abandon their reſpective towns. The States of Holland have ordered General Ruſſel to ſend a detachment of cavalry and infantry, to eſtabliſh peace and harmony amongſt theſe *terrible Mynheers*.—The *Patriots*, it ſeems, have been themſelves the cauſe of this confuſion, in endeavouring to promote what they call *a juſt repreſentation of the people in the government*; which being evidently calculated to weaken the Prince of Orange's power, rouſed the attention of his friends, who not to be behind hand, aſſailed them from all quarters and obliged theſe *renowned Patriots* to act, not as they began on the *offenſive*, but on the *defenſive*.

Friday, by the expreſs deſire of General Elliot, ſome gentlemen waited on a refiner in the city, to attend the proceſs of extracting ſome gold and ſilver, actually contained in the braſs cannon, brought up by Mr. Braithwaite, belonging to the Spaniſh floating batteries. The ſilver and gold are intended to be made into medals, to perpetuate the memory of that glorious event.

Extract of a letter from Exeter, March 24.

"Yeſterday came on to be tried here, before Mr. Juſtice Buller, and a ſpecial jury of the firſt gentlemen of the county, a cauſe of a very intereſting and affecting nature, in which a young woman of this town was plaintiff, and a gentleman of property defendant. The action was brought for a breach of promiſe of marriage, under which the defendant had ſeduced, the plaintiff, who proved pregnant, and he then married another lady. This cauſe excited the attention of the town to a conſiderable degree, and was conducted by Mr. Dallas, who pled for the plaintiff, with all the eloquence and power of reaſon; his ſpeech was beautifully pathetic, and replete with the moſt alluring graces of oratory. The general indignation excited by the injury, occaſioned the Court (which is uncommonly ſpacious) to be thronged with all the beautiful women of the county, whoſe tears eloquently expreſſed the feelings of tenderneſs and pity. It is impoſſible to deſcribe the effect of this ſpeech upon the audience in general, who burſt into frequent exclamations of applauſe, deſpight of every attempt made by the officers of the Court to ſilence a proceeding ſo uncommon and irregular in ſuch a place; and at the concluſion, the plaudits were for a while inceſſant. The jury gave a verdict for the plaintiff, nearly to the amount of the damages laid, to the unanimous ſatisfaction of the whole town."

April 4. Monday died in Portland place, the Honorable General Gage, brother to Lord Viſcount Gage.

Short ſtatement of a bill, entitled, "An act for the better preventing vexatious ſuits being brought for the recovery of debts contracted in America previous to the treaty of peace, with the United States."

'It recites, That during the late diſſentions in America, many of his Majeſty's faithful ſubjects, in conſequence of their loyalty and attachment to the Britiſh government, have been deprived of their property, and the ſame hath been veſted in ſeveral of the now United States of America by force of ſeveral acts of confiſcation, and actions have been and may be brought againſt ſome of the ſaid perſons, for debts contracted by them in America previous to ſuch confiſcation, although the property ſo confiſcated was ſufficient to pay and diſcharge the ſame, and by ſuch acts of confiſcation made liable thereto:

'It alſo recites, It is manifeſtly unjuſt that any perſon ſhould be ſued in any court of judicature within his Majeſty's dominions for ſuch debt or demand which has or might have been ſued for and recovered out of ſuch confiſcated property; yet doubts have ariſen, whether any ſufficient remedy is provided for the ſame by the ordinary courſe of law.

'It therefore enacts, That it ſhall be lawful for any of his Majeſty's courts in Great-Britain, or in any of his Majeſty's colonies, in which any action is brought againſt any of his Majeſty's faithful ſubjects, whoſe property in America hath been confiſcated by force of any act of the United States, for any debt contracted in America prior to ſuch confiſcation, to order the proceedings in ſuch action to be ſtayed upon the application of the defendant or defendants, in caſe it ſhall appear, to the ſatisfaction of the ſaid court, that the debt was contracted in any of the ſaid late colonies; and that the defendant was poſſeſſed of property in the ſaid United States of ſufficient value, at the time of the confiſcation thereof, to diſcharge the ſaid debt, and that ſuch property was by ſome act of confiſcation made ſubject and liable to the payment thereof; and to make ſuch further order, from time to time, for continuing the ſame, as ſhall be deemed juſt.'

Extract of a letter from Paris, dated March 28, 1787.

"This city is at preſent crouded by Engliſhmen of all deſcriptions, ſome in the purſuits of pleaſure, others conſiſting of officers of the army and navy, who from the ſmallneſs of their pay, are neceſſitated to live abroad, but chiefly of the tribe of Britiſh ſpeculators who are preparing to avail themſelves of the commercial treaty. The French, with great reaſon, laugh in their ſleeves at the latter denomination of viſitors, whoſe credulity will afford them an ample field for political as well as mercantile manœuvre; and while the Miniſter of England is leading the Parliament, by *Ignus fatuus*, to vote away the permanent intereſt and honor of the nation; the ſucceſſor of that truly great man, the deceaſed Comte de Vergennes, is forming plans for the aggrandizement of France, at the expence of poor Old England, whoſe falling empire is already marked in the book of fate. Witneſs the works at Cherburg, and the fortifications carrying on at Dunkirk, which when finiſhed, will of courſe diſſolve that commercial link, by which the feeble chain of the commercial treaty, is ſo looſely faſtened. The ſtate of the French navy was never in ſo formidable a condition as at this time, and the ſhipwrights in the dock-yards are as buſily employed as if this kingdom was engaged in the moſt arduous war. Your poſſeſſions in the Eaſt-Indies will be attacked the inſtant the French government is prepared to ſtrike a decided blow. Troops have been entering at Port l'Orient for ſome weeks paſt in ſhips *armed en flute*, deſtined for the Mauritias, others have been tranſported in Dutch veſſels; and to be brief, the preſent period of peace appears ſomething ſimilar to one of thoſe intervals which in a thunder ſtorm ſuſpends the awful peal to give redoubled force to the ſucceeding exploſion. Such will I fear prove the deſtiny of Great-Britain."

April 5. After all the combinations that have been formed againſt Britain by the European powers, ſtill ſhe maintains her ſuperiority in point of commerce. The trade of France is not comparable to ours; nor is that of Holland nearly equal. Even in the Thirteen United States the Britiſh merchant ſtands unrivalled. The view of ſuch circumſtances is highly pleaſing, and affords no little encouragement, eſpecially at a time when new ſources of commercial opulence are about to be opened.

Lord Cornwallis had not been three days in India, before, by an accidental fall from his horſe, he had nearly loſt his life. When the packet ſailed, however, he was completely recovered of his bruiſe.

Extract of a letter from Liſbon, March 16.

"Our Court have revived their treaty with the Emperor of Morocco for ten years, by which the port of Larache is to be open for the ſole importation of the wines, fruit and other commodities of this kingdom, in preference to every other nation. The preſent to the Emperor on this occaſion is naval ſtores to the amount of 6000l. and the Ambaſſador, Muley Abdallah Saide, is ſent home with them in the Ciſne man of war."

Extract of a letter from Rotterdam, March 23.

"The Prince of Orange yatcht, is gone up the Scheldt to Nimeguen, in order to convey his Highneſs from thence to this city, from whence he will go over land to the Hague. His Highneſs has reſolved to paſs in a very private manner, in order to prevent tumults in the places through which he will have occaſion to paſs; many of the inhabitants being mad with joy on the news of his return, which is expected daily."

A letter from Copenhagen ſays, that a fleet of men of war, conſiſting of eight ſhips of the line, and four frigates, which are deſigned to go againſt the Algerines, will be ready to put to ſea by the 23d of April. This fleet is to join the Ruſſians, who are expected to be in the Mediterranean by the middle of May. The ſame letter ſays, that it is expected ſome other Chriſtian powers will join them, in order to clear the Mediterranean of all piratical veſſels.

April 6. The preſent King of Pruſſia has revoked the law made in the late reign which prohibited, military officers from marrying any woman who did not poſſeſs a fortune of 6000 thalers; and they are now permitted to marry according to their inclinations, without regard either to birth or fortune.

The French ſtill continue reforming all the unneceſſary parade in the King's houſhold, two thouſand horſe are diſcharged, which are eſtimated to coſt the King one piſtole a day each; by which a ſaving is made of 73,000,000, livres annually.

Extract of a letter from Uleves, Feb. 9.

"Great movements are perceivable in this duchy and its environs, ever ſince Count Goertz was recalled from his embaſſy to the Republic of Holland by his Pruſſian Majeſty. The garriſon of the fortreſs of Weſel is augmented. Rees, Zanten, Sevenaer, Shermbeck, and other places are teeming with troops drawn from the garriſons in the county of Marck. Emerick's Baſtion on the Rhine, (ſo called from a General of that name who ſerved in the laſt century in the wars between the Dutch and French) is ordered to be put into repair, cleared from the encroachments the river has made upon it, and mounted. Some important event is expected to take place ere long in the Dutch Provinces, which, it is hoped by the true well wiſhers to the Republic, will terminate in favor of the Stadtholder, whoſe popularity continues to increaſe among the better ſort of people, that abhor the French faction and its intrigues; and who has the courts of London and Pruſſia in his intereſt.

"The reigning Duke of Brunſwick is now at Magdebourg; from whence he goes to Potſdam, with ſeveral general officers, to have an interview with his Pruſſian Majeſty.

"Our laſt letters from Berlin import, that the King is cloſely occupied in his cabinet, attended by his Miniſters, the Counts Finkinſtein and Hertzberg.

"The King, conſidering the great talents of Comte de Melzalen (late Ambaſſador from Pruſſia to the Court of London) and the uncommon merit he acquired during his ſaid embaſſy, has created him his Privy Counſellor of State, and Miniſter of the war department; upon which the Comte inſtantly ſet out from his palace in Sileſia for Berlin to attend his Majeſty."

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.

It is mortifying, ſays a female correſpondent to obſerve the great number of bachelors that ſwarm in this city; and yet it is hardly juſt to reproach them with their celibacy. Luxury has made ſuch progreſs amongſt us, that ſuperfluities are turned into neceſſaries, and wedlock, in ſhort, is perverted from all its good old purpoſes, to a mere ſcheme of ſplendor and parade. All our matches, now-a- are calculated upon a luxury beyond what was joyed before, for no ſpeech is more common that *we will not marry to live worſe*; and the end of marriages is often the very thing that prev lt, *for how*, it is ſaid, *can a genteel education be g to fix children without a good eſtate?* Thus the ties of the contracting parties, being found inſ cient for theſe things, relatively to the luxury of t reſpective conditions, great numbers of citizen main ſingle becauſe each, as was remarked ab ſeeks in marriage to appear with greater luſtre in world, and the Commonwealth is deprived of children, becauſe neither of the perſons who m be their parents has a large eſtate. There ar hundred poor men, for one rich woman, and an dred indigent women for one rich man: Never leſs luxury raiſing in each the ſame views, it ne ſarily follows that of an hundred of both ſexes, n ty-eight of them do not marry at all. Convenie which ought to be a reaſon for the increaſe of ple, is the very cauſe that hinders it. It is tho ungenteel not to be able to make a wife appea public with ſome kind of taſte and pomp, and th fore it is thought more convenient to avoid m mony. It is incredible, upon the whole, how m matches have been put by for want of a coach, o elegant tea-room, and our correſpondent aſſerts at this moment a marriage is ſuſpended to abide events of a law ſuit upon which a conſiderable of the lover's fortune depends.

A gentleman from Liſbon, informs us, that niſters from France and Great-Britain were conve in that metropolis, for the purpoſe of framing per nent treaties of commerce. The trade of Portug certainly an object of conſiderable importance to country, yet ſuch are the debility and derangem of our federal politics, that we have not any Ag at that Court to protect our intereſts from the tacks of European Negotiators. To what quar indeed, can we direct our attention, without findi additional cauſe to deplore, the feeble and diſorde ſtate of the continental ſyſtem.

The Canton, Capt. Truxton, arrived on Sund laſt from Canton, in China, which place ſhe l on the 3d of January. She appears to be w freighted, and, notwithſtanding the ſeveral late rivals from India at New-York, her cargo is cal lated to afford a very conſiderable profit to the d ferent adventurers.—A report is circulating that t of the ſailors have been left in the hand of the ci power, in order to be puniſhed for a mutinous d poſition which they endeavoured to excite amo the crew: This circumſtance is perhaps ſufficien intereſting to require a public explanation,—that the one hand, the example may be held up to t whole marine profeſſion, and, on the other, t the State may be accurately informed for what ca ſhe will probably be deprived of two of her citize

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ALEXANDRIA, May 31.

In a Cauſe lately tried in the Supreme Court Pennſylvania, as the Counſel were pointing out t Boundaries of the Land in Queſtion upon a Ma one ſaid "we lie on this Side," "and we," repli the other, "lie on this Side."—If you *lie* on bo Sides," exclaimed a Juryman, "what are we t believe?"

The Brig Henry, Captain Tyndall, is arrive here from Whitehaven, after a ſhort Paſſage.—L Lat. 34, 30, Long. 70, he ſpoke the Sloop Richmon Packet, belonging to James River, from Cape-Fea bound to New-Caſtle, all well.

The Elephant, Captain Crawford, from Glaſgo which was ſaid to be put back to Cork in Diſtre after being three Months at Sea, is arrived in th Port, all well.

We learn, that the Brigantine Hannah, Cap Cartwright, belonging to Baltimore, was lately ſei ed and condemned at Antigua.

The Hope, Captain Craigg, from this Port, is a rived at Dieppe, in 5 Weeks.

The Nancy, Captain Clarke, alſo from this Por in 5 Weeks, is arrived at Whitehaven.

Arrivals. Schooner Janet, Turton, from Barba dos; Sloop Little Tom, Cartwright, St. Euſtatia.

ASSIZE OF BREAD.

A Loaf made of good Burr-Flour, at 15s. per Hun dred Weight, to weigh 28 Ounces, at 3d. ½.

☞ Any Bread, under the above Weight an Quality, is ordered to be ſeized by the Clerk of th Market for the Uſe of the Poor.

Public Vendue.

On Saturday next will be ſold at the Ven due-Store, oppoſite Col. Hooe's dwel ling-houſe,

A Variety of Mer- chandiſe as uſual.

P. MARSTELLER, Vendue-Maſter.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

THE Subſcriber intending for England in the courſe of the preſent ſummer, or early in the fall, requeſts thoſe indebted to him either by bond, note, or open account, or to the late partner- ſhip between him and WILLIAM SAVAGE, de- ceaſed, to ſettle their balances, in order the better to enable him to diſcharge the debts he may have in- curred during his reſidence in the country.

ARTHUR MAXWELL.

Alexandria, May 17, 1787.

Jeſſe Taylor,

Hath imported in the Charlotte, Captain Lambert, and the Mary, Captain Andrews, from London, and the Fame, Captain Wilſon, from Dublin, a conſiderable quantity of MERCHANDISE, which with thoſe now on hand make a general aſſortment, and which he will ſell on reaſonable terms for caſh or country produce; the following are a part, viz.

IRISH yard-wide and ¾ linens,
White and brown ſheetings,
Oſnaburgs and hempen rolls,
Dowlas and ſacking,
Printed linens and cottons,
Chintzes,
Printed muſlins,
Plain and flowered ditto,
Muſlin aprons and handkerchiefs,
Fine needle worked ditto,
Needle worked lawn aprons and handkerchiefs,
Black and white fuſlee gauze ditto,
Black and white ſilk gauze ditto,
Kenting ditto,
Cambricks and lawns,
Black and white ſilk and fuſlee gauze,
A variety of Chineſe and other ribbons,
Perſians, luſtrings and modes,
Sewing ſilk and twiſt,
Silk and cotton handkerchiefs,
Bandano and romal ditto,
Printed and check ditto,
Ladies' ſilk gloves and mits,
Silk ſtockings,
Cloth cloaks with ermine and gimp,
Ladies' faſhionable hats,
Mens', boys' and girls' ditto,
Dutch lace and edgings,
Black and white lace,
Silk, cotton and thread laces,
Tapes, *garters and pins*,
Mens' thread ſtockings,
Womens' ditto,
Scotch, taylors' and aſſorted threads,
Nonſopretty and quality binding,
Durants and tammies,
Shalloons and rattinets,
Calamancoes and everlaſtings,
Princes ſtuff,
Bombaſines and crapes,
Moreens and wildbores,
Caſſimers and ſagathees,
Ratteens and German ſerge,
Broadcloths and trimmings,
Printed and plain velverets,
Ditto jeans and jeanets,
Ditto beaver and fuſtian,
Fillow and pocket fuſtians,
Satinets and denims,
Marſeilles quiltings with and without borders,
Dutch rope and corded dimities,
Plain and corded white jeans,
Plain and ſtriped ſilk velvets,
Striped hollands and checks,
Bonnet paper,
Writing-paper,
Quills,
Inkpowder,
Pencils,
Ink-holders,
Wafers and ſealing-wax,
Playing cards,
Shaving boxes, &c.
Scrubbing, ſweeping and hearth bruſhes,
Ivory and horn combs,
Paper and tinſnuff-boxes,
Neſts of gilt trunks,
Cotton and wool cards,
Gunpowder and ſhot,
Bar-lead and brimſtone,
Glauber's ſalt,
Jeſuits bark,
Bottled porter in hampers,
Bottled beer in caſks,
Fig blue and indigo,
Durham muſtard,
Allſpice,
Knives and forks,
Cutteau and pen knives,
Shoe, knee and ſtock buckles,
Plated ſpurs and buckles,
Watch chains, ſeals and keys,
Deſk locks and mounting,
Cheſt and cupboard locks,
Hinges and files,
Gimblets and augers,
Chiſels,
Carpenters' and lathing hammers,
Carpenters' and wood axes,
Carpenters' rules,
Ditto compaſſes,
Mariners' ſcales and dividers,
Trowels and drawing-knives,
Coopers' adzes and axes,
Handſaws and marking-irons,
Common and box ſad-irons,
Steelyards,
Fiſhing-hooks and Jews harps,
Womens' and taylors' thimbles,
Mens' and womens' ſtirrup-irons,
Common and plated bridle bits,
Straining-irons,
Saddlers' tacks and awl blades,
Straining and diaper web,
Girth and ſurcingle web,
Womens' and mens' ſaddles and bridles,
Pewter diſhes, plates and baſons,
Ditto table and tea ſpoons,
Ditto tea and chamber pots,
Copper and tin coffee and tea kettles,
Japanned tea and coffee pots,
Pocket looking-glaſſes,
Shoes and boots,
Snuff in bottles,
Rum, ſugar and coffee,
Teas,
Tea-cups and ſaucers,
A variety of crockery ware,
Liverpool and French ſalt, &c. &c.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

On Monday the 2d of July next, will be peremptorily ſold to the higheſt bidder,

THE HOUSE and LOT on Prince-ſtreet, late the property of Sebaſtian Schiefs. The terms will be one-third in hand, one-third in ſix months and the remaining third in twelve months from the firſt of October next, when poſſeſſion will be given.

All perſons having claims on ſaid Sebaſtian Schiefs, are deſired to lodge them with the Subſcribers, on or before the firſt of July next, as a dividend will then be made of the money in their hands.

JOSEPH CARY,
WILLIAM WILSON,
PHILIP MARSTELLER,
} Aſſignees.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

John Murray and Company,

Have now on hand, for ſale on moderate terms, for caſh, tobacco, wheat, flour, hemp or Indian corn,

OLD Grenada ſpirit,
Weſt-India rum,
Continental ditto,
French brandy,
Arrack,
Madera, Liſbon, Port, Claret, Sherry, Malaga, } Wines.
Molaſſes and coffee,
Cotton, wool and ginger,
Loaf and brown ſugar,
Bohea, green and hyſon tea,
Pepper, Indigo, raiſins and currants,
Linſeed, curriers', ſpermaceti and whale oil,
Pickled and dry codfiſh,
Mackerel and herrings,
Womens' and mens' leather ſhoes,
Calf ſkins,
Ticklenburgs,
Engliſh and Ruſſia canvas,
Connecticut beef and pork,
Hops and veniſon hams,
Sheet-lead and bar-iron,
Pewter plates, diſhes, baſons and ſpoons,
Elegant japanned boxes containing ſhaving and dreſſing utenſils,
Spermaceti candles,
Turpentine ſoap,
6d. 8d. and 10d. nails,
10d. flooring brads,
Writing, blotting and wrapping paper,
Dutch quills, ſlates and pencils,
Rhode-Iſland cheeſe,
Single and double Glouceſter cheeſe,
London porter,
Cotton and wool cards,
A braſs ſtove with copper pipes.

Alſo, a few pieces of well bought Iriſh linens, on as low terms and from the ſame houſe as thoſe ſold by Mr. William Prior, from 1/3½ to 3/8 per yard.

They will ſell at a very cheap rate, the ſtore which they now occupy, poſſeſſion to be given the firſt of January next.—Said ſtore is 25 feet front on Prince-ſtreet, by 60 feet on Water-ſtreet, three ſtories high and calculated for the wholeſale buſineſs either in the wet or dry goods line, built about eighteen months ago of oak timber.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

☞ Caſh given for TOBACCO.

William Buddicom,

Has juſt imported in the Brigantine Alexandria, Captain Lightfoot, the following articles, which he will ſell for caſh, or produce, viz.

LIVERPOOL-ſalt looſe, bottled porter in ſmall packages, coals, a large aſſortment of ſtone bottles, butter pots, milk pans, &c. canvas, cheeſe, a parcel of nails, ſhip carpenters' ditto, a quantity of MANCHESTER GOODS, hats, 12d. flooring brads, with ſprigs from 2d. to 6d. alſo, about ſeven hundred weight of weigh nails, ſome checks, barley, &c. with many other articles too tedious to mention.——A good price will be given for WHEAT, if delivered at Andrew Wales's brewery or on board the veſſel.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

☞ Said Buddicom requeſts all perſons to whom he ſtands indebted to bring in their accounts and they ſhall be punctually diſcharged; and all thoſe indebted to him, either by bond or open account, are deſired to ſettle, as no further indulgence can be given, he intending for Europe next month.

CLOCK, WATCH and SILVER PLATE MANUFACTORY.

THE Subſcriber lately from Philadelphia, moſt reſpectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he now carries on his buſineſs in all its various branches, on Fairfax-ſtreet oppoſite to Mr. Hannah's Coffee-Houſe and next door to the Circulating Library. He makes and repairs clocks, watches, ſilver plate and all kinds of gold and ſilver ware, in the neweſt and neateſt faſhion.—All thoſe who pleaſe to favor him with their cuſtom may depend upon being ſerved on the ſhorteſt notice, and moſt reaſonable terms.—He flatters himſelf he will meet with encouragement in his buſineſs, as he is determined not to exceed the eſtabliſhed prices of Philadelphia, and no pains ſhall be omitted to give ſatisfaction to a generous public. HENRY PETERSON, jun.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

N. B. The higheſt price will be allowed for old gold, ſilver and lace.

☞ An Apprentice is wanted who can be well recommended.

To be SOLD or RENTED,

A COMMODIOUS HOUSE, two ſtories high, a houſe adjoining it with a billiard table in it, and two vacant lots oppoſite the ſaid houſe.—It is a corner houſe near the Court-Houſe, with all conveniencies for keeping a grand tavern.—Alſo, for ſale another HOUSE and LOT, above the ſaid houſe, on the other ſide of the ſtreet, which is likewiſe a very good ſtand for a tavern.—Alſo, five acres of very good paſture ground adjoining ſaid town.—Likewiſe a ſmall TRACT of LAND, adjoining ſaid five acres of paſture.—And 188 acres of LAND in a fork of Gooſe Creek, near Canby's mill.——For further particulars apply to the Subſcriber living in Leeſburg.

ALEXANDER M'INTYRE.

Leeſburg, May 29, 1787.

N. B. Said M'Intyre requeſts that all perſons indebted to him will ſettle their accounts, as he intends to deal with thoſe that will not comply according to law.

Robinſon, Sanderſon and Rumney,

Have received a further freſh ſupply of DRY-GOODS, per the Henry, Captain Tyndall, from Whitehaven, in addition to their Spring Cargo per the Eſſhet, Captain Ledger.——Alſo,

PORT wine in bottles,
London porter in ditto,
Liverpool beer in ditto,
Window glaſs 8 by 10 and 7 by 9,
Liverpool ſalt,
Coals, &c.

With a great variety of other articles, which they are now ſelling by wholeſale only, at their ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

William Hartſhorne and Company,

Have for ſale at their ſtore on Col. Hooe's wharf,

BAR-IRON by the ton, regulated fifty-ſix weights, Dutch ovens, Port wine, Fayal, Malaga and Teneriff ditto by the caſk, claret of a good quality by the caſk and dozen, a few hampers of Engliſh ale, Antigua rum and Jamaica ſpirit by the hogſhead or barrel, ſugar and coffee by the caſk, ginger and indigo by the quantity, molaſſes, herrings, a parcel of printed linens, and a variety of DRY-GOODS, by wholeſale and retail as uſual.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

Juſt arrived,

In the brigantine Fame, Captain Wilſon, in ſix weeks from Dublin,

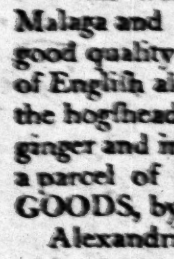
ABOUT SIXTY Redemptioners and Servants, whoſe time of ſervitude will be diſpoſed of on board ſaid veſſel on reaſonable terms, for caſh or any kind of country produce.

WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun.

George-Town, May 26, 1787.

WANTS A CHARTER,

For FRANCE, ENGLAND or IRELAND,



THE Britiſh Brig FAME, Captain JOHN WILSON, now lying at George-Town, on Potomack burthen 160 tons, and two years old.——For terms apply to WILLIAM DEAKINS, jun. at George-Town.

George-Town, May 30, 1787.

Richard Conway,

Has for SALE,

A Few hogſheads of Weſt-India rum,
Sugar of an excellent quality, in barrels,
French brandy in pipes,
Claret,
Alum, Liſbon, French, } SALT.

Alexandria, April 26, 1787.

A Boat Found,

LAST Saturday off Sharp's-Iſland, in Cheſapeake-Bay.—She is marked and has four row-locks.—Whoever has loſt the ſame can prove the property, and will deſcribe the marks, ſhall receive the boat, on paying the coſt of this advertiſement and the uſual ſalvage in ſuch caſes, by applying to JOHN GREEN, at WILLIAM HARTSHORNE and CO's ſtore in Alexandria.

May 29, 1787.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, a Negro fellow named HARRY, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, he was ſome years ago the property of Mr. Turberville, near Frederickſburg, and has been harboured for ſome time at or near Mr. Jackſon's Quarter, about 12 miles from Frederickſburg.—Whoever will ſecure the ſaid Negro in any gaol, ſo that his maſter gets him again, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS, or the above reward, if brought to George-Town and delivered to the Subſcriber.

AQUILA JOHNS.

George-Town, May 30, 1787.

THE partnerſhip between COCHRAN and MITCHEL being this day diſſolved by mutual conſent, it is requeſted that all thoſe indebted to ſaid Cochran and Mitchel do make immediate payment; and thoſe who have any claims againſt them will forward their accounts in order to have them ſettled and receive payment.

Colcheſter, May 1, 1787.

N. B. Mr. COCHRAN continues to carry on buſineſs as formerly.

T R Y.

S PRAYER.

l the thorny ground
are faithful found,
d of blame,
leſs name;
prayer,
ul tear,
a friend;
k defend.
ngue
wrong,
aws,
e.
hand,
the land,
trife,
of life.
e ſhow'r
pow'r to pow'r,
beſtow
only know;
leſs'd,
e breaſt,
ſign,
ne,
worthy ſigh,
en I die."

Ingraham,
ALE,
HOCK,
rranted forty years

, 1787.

ertiſement I requeſt-
ndebted to me to come
little regard was paid
d for the laſt time in
e that is indebted to me
ry note, open account,
y the ſame.—Likewiſe,
y think I do owe them,
at they may be adjuſted
time—for I am deter-
ſettled (if poſſible) and
ce more to croſs the
mean to prevent ac-
eſtate after I am
ave appeared had
In the courſe of
6 n in buſineſs too
ion have I ſeen.—There
pounds firſt coſt of
may be had on good
one of them improved
fenced in.—Alſo ſome
r ſell or hire.
JOHN MUIR.

ll perſons from dealing
any manner whatever,
orders; as I ſhall deal

REWARD.

Subſcriber, living
Potomack River, BOB,
ll ſize, about 40 years
has buſhy hair, was
uſineſs and can do very
llow but will get drunk
is former maſter, Mr.
am informed lives in
old him to me in the
me he had intended to
ve, by ſelling him to a
for the term I think of
rſon could not pay the
gain became void and
Raymond as a ſlave, but
ſſeſſion of the papers,
ined his freedom, peti-
Montgomery Court, for
g was ordered to return
ppoſe he may ſtill have
, and ſhew them as his
e, which was about the
a brown ſheeting linen
es of drab frize, ſtock-
not deſcribe the quality.
here between 5 feet 6
nclined to think he will
old maſter's, or perhaps
he veſſel from George-
will be paid for ſecuring
nd reaſonable expences
him to me in George-

ROBERT PETER.
787.
ers of veſſels or others,
taking on board or em-

R. PETER.

LOTS for Sale.

To be ſold in fee-ſimple, or let on ground-rent,

A NUMBER of LOTS equal to any in town, on King, Water and Union ſtreets.—A plat of the ground may be ſeen and terms known at Meſſrs. PORTER and INGRAHAM's and D. and I. M'PHERSON's.——I will let the whole of theſe lots together, with a proſpect of great advantage, to any perſon inclined to ſpeculate.

V. PEERS.

May 3, 1787.

IN conſideration of the ſcarcity of caſh, and the deſires of many to ſend mares to the General's Jacks, who are unable, or unwilling to pay the ſum of five guineas, I am authorized to declare that theſe Jacks, viz. ROYAL-GIFT and the KNIGHT of MALTA, will cover the remaining part of this ſeaſon, which now ſuits beſt, at Five Pounds or Eight Barrels of Corn; and to add, that if thoſe who have already had mares or jennies, incline to ſend more, the difference between five guineas and five pounds ſhall be allowed in payment for the latter.—The terms in all other reſpects are the ſame as have been adverтiſed.

JOHN FAIRFAX, Overſeer.

Mount-Vernon, May 8, 1787.

FOR the accommodation of the public, and in particular the citizens of Alexandria and George-Town, an elegant STAGE COACH is now eſtabliſhed, which will alternately proceed to and from the abovementioned places every day in the week, Sundays excepted.——The Proprietor has introduced this arrangement to co-operate with his regular Poſt-Stages from Baltimore by the way of George-Town, in order that the latter may be equally benefited with the uſe of the ſtages and the reception of the public mail.——No alteration of this eſtabliſhment the public may reſt aſſured will take place unleſs the advantages ſhould be incompetent to the expence.

GABRIEL P. VANHORNE.

May 10, 1787.

☞ Rich and Cheap Land for Sale.

TO BE SOLD,

BETWEEN Four and Five Hundred Acres of very rich LAND, pleaſantly and advantageouſly ſituated in Berkeley County, in the State of Virginia, about 10 Miles from Shepherd's-Town, and 8 from Martinſburg. This Tract is a Part of the valuable Plantation of the late General LEE, which hath been admired, by the beſt Judges, for the extraordinary Luxuriance of its Soil. An indiſputable Title will be given to the Purchaſer, by the Proprietor, with immediate Poſſeſſion.——Application for Terms, which will be very reaſonable, may be made to Mr. JAMES ALCOCK, Conveyancer and Broker, in Baltimore-Town, Maryland.

April 20, 1787.

To be RENTED,

And entered on the 1ſt of June next,

THE Houſe where formerly the Vendue Store was kept, now in poſſeſſion of Cleon Moore, Eſq; which is in a good ſituation for buſineſs. Alſo, a ſmall Houſe on St. Aſaph-ſtreet, with a Lot for a garden. Likewiſe, Two Stores with convenient Dwelling-Houſes, on Union-ſtreet. For terms, apply to Mrs. ELIZABETH COPPER, or Mr. RICHARD ARELL.

May 17, 1787.

WILLIAM MOUNSHER intending to return to Europe ſhortly, requeſts all thoſe to whom he is indebted to ſend in their accounts, that they may be immediately diſcharged; he alſo takes this method of acquainting thoſe who ſtand indebted to WILLIAM MOUNSHER and CO. that it is expected they will diſcharge their obligations within two months from this date, or ſuits will be commenced directly after the expiration of that time.

Alexandria, May 17, 1787.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away on the 11th of April, from the Rope-Walk owned by Mr. James Irvine, a handſome Mulatto man, named ANTHONY, the property of the Subſcriber; he is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, has a very pleaſing countenance, black hair which he ſometimes wears cued; He had on and took with him a brown coat, white jacket, black breeches, white thread ſtockings, and ſhoes and buckles; he has alſo a ſilver watch and ſome gold.—It is probable that he may change his clothes.—He can read and I have no doubt but he has a paſs.—As he has been brought up to the rope-making buſineſs, it is probable that he will attempt to hire himſelf to that buſineſs as a freeman.—I have reaſon to ſuppoſe that he was ſeduced away by a white woman.—Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and returns him to his maſter, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS if taken in this County, if 40 miles TWENTY DOLLARS, if 60 miles THIRTY DOLLARS, and if further the above reward.

DENNIS RAMSAY.

Alexandria, May 3, 1787.

☞ A great Variety of BLANKS, printed on good Paper, may be had at the Printing-Office.

Dixſon and Allyn,

TAKE the liberty to inform the public, that they have ſet up the COACH and CHAIR MAKING buſineſs, at the corner of St. Aſaph and King ſtreet.—Any perſon by applying may have carriages made or repaired at the ſhorteſt notice and in the beſt manner.—As they have taken great pains to get the beſt workmen, they flatter themſelves they ſhall be able to give ſatisfaction to their employers.—They likewiſe will have for ſale carriages of all kinds on hand, when applied for.

Alexandria, May 17, 1787.

By the Preſident and Directors of the Potomack Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in purſuance of the power and authority veſted in them, by the act, for opening and extending the navigation of Potomack River, all the ſhares in the company on which the requiſitions heretofore made by the board, have not been paid, will be offered for ſale at auction; ſuch of them as were ſubſcribed for in the State of Virginia, at the Court-Houſe in Alexandria, on Tueſday, the 26th of June next, between the hours of eleven and twelve; and ſuch of them as were ſubſcribed for in Maryland, at Suter's Tavern, in George-Town, on the day following, being the 27th day of the month.

By order of the Board,

JOHN POTTS, jun. Secretary.

May 15, 1787.

To be Sold,

Agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of Jacob Janney, deceaſed,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing about 340 acres, lying on and about the Catoctan Mountain, in the County of Loudon and State of Virginia, within about 3 or 4 miles of Leeſburg, and the main road leading from thence to Snickers's-Gap runs through the ſame. There is a log dwelling-houſe, about 50 or 60 acres of cleared land, and an apple and peach orchard which ſeldom fail of producing good crops thereon. The land is ſtrong and fertile and we think will anſwer to divide into two farms.—The terms will be made known on applying to the Subſcribers near the premiſes.

BLEACKSTONE JANNEY, } Executors.
ISRAEL JANNEY, }

May 14, 1787.

I HAVE for ſale on moderate terms, about £. 800 ſterling coſt of GOODS, chiefly manufactured at Manchester.—As theſe goods were in the country before any advance took place in England in conſequence of the treaty with France, the purchaſer will find them much cheaper bought than any which can now be imported.——I have alſo three pair of French BURR MILLSTONES, warranted of a ſuperior quality, from 3 feet 10 inches to 4 feet, and made up in the neateſt manner.—For particulars reſpecting them I refer any perſon inclining to purchaſe to Meſſrs. D. and I. M'Pherſon of this town, or to their brother in Berkeley County, who has had a pair in uſe for ſome time paſt.

JOHN FITZGERALD.

Alexandria, May 3, 1787.

STOP THIEF!

STOLEN from my plantation near Ravenſworth, on Holmes's-Run, the 29th of April, a BLACK HORSE, about 14 hands high and 6 years old, with a white ſpot in his forehead, and no other white about him: He paces and trots and hath been accuſtomed to the draught, by which his ſides, &c. are a good deal rubbed, and his back was hurt by the ſaddle juſt above his ſhoulder: I have reaſon to ſuppoſe he was ſtolen by a perſon in the neighbourhood, with a view to his being conveyed into the back-country, though he may poſſibly be detained nearer home.—I will give TWO DOLLARS reward for taking up the horſe, and returning him or giving me certain imformation where I may get him; and TWENTY DOLLARS reward for apprehending or diſcovering the thief, ſo that he may be brought to conviction.

W. BROWN.

Alexandria, May 17, 1787.

LENT,

A VOLUME of ALEXANDRIA NEWSPAPERS.—It is requeſted it may be left at the Printing-Office.

Alexandria, May 24, 1787.

CASH

Given for clean Linen and Cotton

RAGS,

At the Printing-Office.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.

public auction, or otherwiſe, certain damaged a
uſeleſs military ſtores, lying at Springfield, We
Point, Philadelphia, Carliſle, and at Virginia, a
that he account with the Board of Treaſury for t
proceeds of the ſales.

The adminiſtration of the French Weſt-Ind
iſlands, finding that the indulgence they have ſhe
to ſome Captains of veſſels from the United State
who had unknowingly omitted to take paſſports fro
his Majeſty's Conſuls, Vice-Conſuls or Agents, h
given occaſion to many to conſider it as a uſeleſs form
lity which the orders of the Court have made an ex
preſs condition for the admittance of the ſaid veſſe
into the French colonies: They have given poſitiv
direction to the ſeveral Cuſtom-Houſes, in the ſai
iſlands, to refuſe admittance, after the 15th of Apr
laſt, to every veſſel not ſupplied with a paſſport.

By a veſſel which arrived at Portſmouth in 32 day
from l'Orient, we are informed, that the account o
the caſſoon at Cherbourg, in France, having give
away, is totally void of truth. So far from receiv
ing any damage that ſtupendous work remained firm
when the above veſſel left France.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.

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vention being aſſembled, choſe his Excellency Georg
Waſhington for their Preſident, and Mr. Willia
Jackſon for their Secretary.—It is ſaid that the firſ
ſtep towards diſcharging the important duties of thi
national council, will be the appointment of a De
legate from each State, as a committee to receiv
communications from the other members, and to ar
range, digeſt and report a ſyſtem for the ſubſequen
diſcuſſion of the whole body. This plan is admira
bly adapted for the deſpatch of buſineſs, as it cut
off a field for long and deſultory debate upon firſt
principles, and, by collecting materials from ever
quarter to form a ſolid and comprehenſive founda
tion, leaves little beſides the eaſy taſk of raiſing an
adorning the ſuperſtructure to the collective labo
of a popular aſſembly. When indeed we conſide
the critical ſituation of the country, the anxiety wit
which every good citizen regards this *dernier reſorte*
and the deciſive effect it muſt have upon the peac
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ALEXANDRIA, June 7.

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and committed to the Gaol in this Town for Horſe-
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a dark gray Mare.

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her Age.—This venerable Lady was one of the firſt
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ed the Character of a pious Chriſtian.—Her Re
mains were interred in the Family Vault, nea
this Town, on Thurſday laſt, attended by a numerous
Collection of Relations and Friends.

Arrivals. Ship Helena, Yerkonberg, and Sloop
Polly, Ellwood, from Philadelphia; Schooner
Friendſhip, Stowe, Jamaica; Brig Commerce,
Lee, Boſton.

☞ The MILITIA of Fairfax County are earneſtly requeſted to meet at Price's Old-Fields, at 11 o'Clock, A. M. on Saturday the 16th Inſtant, for the Purpoſe of aſcertaining their Numbers and nominating Officers to be recommended to the next County Court, to command the reſpective Companies within ſaid County.

JOHN FITZGERALD, County-Lieutenant.

ASSIZE OF BREAD.

A Loaf made of good Burr-Flour, at 15s. per Hundred Weight, to weigh 28 Ounces, at 3d. ¾.

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Public Vendue.

On Saturday next will be ſold at the Vendue-Store, oppoſite Col. Hooe's dwelling-houſe,

A Variety of Merchandiſe as uſual.

P. MARSTELLER, Vendue-Maſter.

Alexandria, June 7, 1787.

AN excellent LOT to be ſold by the Vendue-Maſter, on Saturday next, at three o'clock, known in the plot of the town, by the number 111, 25 feet front on Pitt-ſtreet and 176 feet 3 inches in depth, and 24½ feet front on Prince-ſtreet.—The lot is in fee-ſimple, and to be ſold for ready-money only.

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THREE POUNDS REWARD.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Subſcriber, a BAY HORSE, ſhod before, has one feather on each ſide of his neck, a ſcar on his right hip, about 14 hands high, and 5 years old.—Whoever ſecures the thief and horſe, ſo that I get the horſe again and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, or TWO DOLLARS for the horſe only.

PETER EBLEN.

Loudon County, May 16, 1787.

public auction, or otherwiſe, certain damaged and uſeleſs military ſtores, lying at Springfield, Weſt-Point, Philadelphia, Carliſle, and at Virginia, and that he account with the Board of Treaſury for the proceeds of the ſales.

The adminiſtration of the French Weſt-India iſlands, finding that the indulgence they have ſhewn to ſome Captains of veſſels from the United States, who had unknowingly omitted to take paſſports from his Majeſty's Conſuls, Vice-Conſuls or Agents, has given occaſion to many to conſider it as a uſeleſs formality which the orders of the Court have made an expreſs condition for the admittance of the ſaid veſſels into the French colonies: They have given poſitive direction to the ſeveral Cuſtom-Houſes, in the ſaid iſlands, to refuſe admittance, after the 15th of April laſt, to every veſſel not ſupplied with a paſſport.

By a veſſel which arrived at Portſmouth in 32 days from l'Orient, we are informed, that the account of the caſſoon at Cherbourg, in France, having given away, is totally void of truth. So far from receiving any damage that ſtupendous work remained firm when the above veſſel left France.

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PETER EBLEN.

Loudon County, May 16, 1787.

Jonathan Swift and *Company*,

Have imported per the Charlotte, and Olive Branch, from London,

A GOOD aſſortment of linens from 6d½. to 2/6 coſt, Yorkſhire ſheetings, low priced printed linens, cottons and chintzes, fuſtians ſham jeans, jeanets, drabbets, ſatinets, needle worked aprons and handkerchiefs, ſewing ſilks, oil-ſkin umbrellas, ſilver watches, &c. &c.

They have juſt received by the brig Commerce, and other veſſels from Boſton, freſh bohea tea in ½, ¼ and ⅛ of cheſts, 10d. nails, inch plank, ſpirits of turpentine, mens' leather ſhoes, womens' leather, calamanco, everlaſting and neat ruſſel ditto, alſo a pair of elegant looking-glaſſes.

Alexandria, June 7, 1787.

Now landing from on board the Elephant, Captain Crawford, and to be ſold by

D. and *I. M'Pherſon*,

The following articles, viz.

LONDON porter in caſks of 10 dozen,
Earthen ware in crates and hogſheads,
Tin and copper ware in caſks well aſſorted,
Hardware of various kinds,
Seine twine,
Bed-cords,
Leading-lines,
Window-glaſs 9 by 11 and 10 by 12,
A few pieces of Iriſh linens,
An elegant poſt-chaiſe with a complete ſet of harneſs.

They have alſo for ſale,

Old ſherry and Malaga wines,
Almonds,
Lemons,
Jar raiſins,
Filberts, &c. &c.

The above articles will be ſold on the moſt moderate terms, for caſh or produce only.

Alexandria, June 7, 1787. ‡

For Sale,

THE BRIG COMMERCE; ſhe is a new veſſel, has a fluſh deck, is a faſt ſailer, an excellent ſea boat, well found, and has good accommodations for paſſengers; ſhe is conſidered by the beſt judges to be a remarkable well built veſſel.—If ſhe is not ſold in eight days, ſhe will take 150 hogſheads on freight, for l'Orient, or Havre-de-Grace.—For further information inquire of

JONATHAN SWIFT and CO.

Alexandria, June 7, 1787.

To Mr. ROBERT ADAM.

SIR,

I AM creditably informed that you take every opportunity to traduce my character, in the vileſt manner that your extreme ill-nature and malice can dictate.—You ſeem to have become a dealer in ſcandal and ill report; would it not have been better to have left that employment in the hands of the lower claſs of mankind? However I am not the firſt that has ſuffered by the venom of your tongue, and I ſolemnly defy you and all mankind to prove me guilty of fraud or lies, and I am conſcious I do not deſerve the baſe names of villain and cheat from you or any man.—On the contrary with reſpect to you, I can prove by ſufficient teſtimony, that I and thoſe connected with me, are as yet loſers by you, or ſome one about you, for the parcel of wheat we ſent to be ground at your mill, fell ſhort in the returns far too much for common waſte in grinding; but when I ſent you a ſtate of the matter, you were too high-minded to read it, and deſired your boy to give the letter back. This is the reaſon of addreſſing you in print, becauſe you are too haughty to hearken to the truth in private, the above-mentioned deficiency you ought to make good before you rail any more in your uſual way.—But although you have ſpite enough you are not very willing to pay what you owe, this I have found to my coſt.—To conclude what Dean Swift obſerves of detractors in general may well be applied to you in particular,

"*The moſt effectual way to baulk,*
"*Your malice is to let you talk.*"

I am, Sir, your humble ſervant,

ANDREW JAMIESON.

Alexandria, June 7, 1787.

I CONCEIVE it a duty incumbent on me, to inform the public, that they may not be deluded by appearances, that there is a bond of mine in circulation, which I ſome time ſince gave to a certain Mr. E. L. HULL, now living in Kentucky, for the conveyance of 500 acres of land.—It is true I did give my bond for the conveyance of that quantity of land, but it was in conſideration of a ſum of money which Mr. Hull has neglected to pay, to the amount of three hundred pounds now unpaid. If Mr. Hull or his aſſignees will diſcharge that obligation, then I will make a deed and not till that is done.

WILLIAM A. LEE.

Dumfries, June 5, 1787.

Gurden Chapin and *Company*,

Have for ſale at their ſtore on King-ſtreet (formerly occupied by Meſſrs. WILLIAM HARTSHORNE, and Company) a general aſſortment of MERCHANDISE, which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms, for Caſh or Country produce only, viz.

SUPERFINE and ſecond broadcloths, caſimers, ſagathees, duroys, ſhalloons, tammies, durants, calamancoes, moreens, crape, prunella, flannels, printed and plain cotton velvets, black ſilk ditto, corduroys, royal ribs, ſatinets, denims, fuſtians, jeans, jeanets, Marſeilles and mock quilting, ſilk quilts, Dutch cord and ſtriped dimities, nankeens, bedticking, printed, check, ſilk, gauze, ſilk and cotton, kenting, and muſlin handkerchiefs, ſhawls, ſtriped holland, check, India and Turkey ſtripes, damaſk furniture, chintzes, calicoes, printed linens and cottons, Iriſh linens, Iriſh, Flanders and Ruſſia ſheetings, drilling, dowlas, brown holland, German and Britiſh oſnaburgs, ſacking, diaper and damaſk tablecloths, clouting diaper, cambricks, lawns, jacconet and book muſlin, black and white gauze, ſatins, florentine, pelongs, modes, luſtrings, ſarſenets, perſians, ſilk ſhags, tamboured waiſtcoat patterns, purſes, womens' ſilk and leather gloves and mits, mens' ſilk thread and leather ditto, mens' and womens' ſilk, cotton and thread hoſe, youths' thread ditto, ſilk, cotton and thread laces, womens' ſtays, oſtrich feathers, fans, plain and figured ribbons, taſte, black and white lace, thread edging, tapes and bobbins, a neat aſſortment of faſhionable and common buttons, ſewing ſilk, twiſt, buckram, ingrain ſilk and canvas, for marking, Scoth, ſtiching, coloured and oſnaburgs thread, ſewing twine, fiſhing, chalk and drum lines, traces, leading-lines and bed-cords, bibles, teſtaments, prayer and hymn books, paper, inkpowder, quills, ſealing-wax, ſlates, pencils and paſteboards, hearth, ſweeping, ſcrubbing, clothes, ſhoe, whitewaſh, paint, tooth, and comb bruſhes, fine and coarſe hats, pewter aſſorted, mens' and womens' ſaddles and bridles, girths and ſurcingles, girth and ſtraining web, dle cloths and ſtraps, an aſſortment of [illegible] and [illegible] china, ſtone, and queen's ware, 10 by 12 and 7 by 9, window glaſs, powder, ſhot, ſheet lead, 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 10d. 12d. and [illegible] pump, ſcupper and hob nails, ſaddlers' [illegible] 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. 24d. and 30 [illegible] of different ſizes, HL. hinges from [illegible] butt, ſtrap, HL, T, cheſt, deſk, dov[illegible] hinges, ſtock, cloſet, cheſt, cu[illegible] deſk, pad, bag, trunk and gun l[illegible] knob locks, bra[illegible] ditto, flat and rou[illegible] rup irons and bridle[illegible] axes, ſhip, houſe and coop[illegible] els, compaſſes, crow irons, ſpades, ſhovels, ſcythes, ſick[illegible] ers, ſocket, mortiſe and turn[illegible] plain irons, drawing knives, cur[illegible] oil ſtones, carpenters' braces and [illegible] ſorted, rules and iron ſquares, k[illegible]ves and forks, carving ditto, ſciſſors, ſhears, rafors, cutteau, and pen knives, ſhoemakers' tools, brick and plaſtering trowels, ſcrew and common augers, ſpike and nail gimblets, files and raſps, mill, whip, cut, pannel and wood ſaws, anvils, vices, ſledges, hand, claw, riviting, ſtone and ſaddlers' hammers, wood, coffin and beſtſtead ſcrews, ſcrew and window pullies, ſad-irons, frying-pans, coffee-mills, centre and taper bits, horſe phleams, iron and braſs chaffing-diſhes, ſcale beams, pocket and large ſteelyards, candleſticks and ſnuffers, rat and mouſe traps, cutry combs and bruſhes, plated and ſteel ſpurs, ſhoe and knee buckles, guns and piſtols, braſs H-butt, deſk and table hinges, cloak pins, ſcrew rings and knobs, deſk mounting, dog collars, chimney hooks, braſs cocks, ſpice mortars, waggon and door bells, wire, bed caſtors, curtain rings, ſcales and dividers, mathematical inſtruments, copper tea-kettles and coffee-pots, money ſcales and weights, wool cards, japanned waiters, quart and pint jacks, gilt and hair trunks, ſpectacles, locking glaſſes, caſtors, ivory, tortoiſhell and horn combs, Leiper's ſnuff, violin ſtrings, mens' ſhoes and boots, youths' ſhoes, womens' calamanco and white ſatin ditto, calf-ſkins, boot legs, neats and ſoal leather, bar-iron, ſteel, caſtings, grindſtones, Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt-India and Continental rum, port and Fayal wines, muſcovado and loaf ſugar, bohea, ſouchong, green and hyſon teas, coffee, chocolate, pepper, allſpice, ginger, cloves, mace, cinnamon, allum, brimſtone, fig blue, indigo, muſtard, Glouceſter and Cheſhire cheeſe, &c. &c. &c.

Alexandria, June 7, 1787.

☞ They requeſt all perſons indebted to them, to make ſpeedy payments; if not convenient to pay off the accounts immediately they are requeſted to give notes for their reſpective balances.

To be rented to the higheſt bidder, on Tueſday the 3d of July next, if fair, if not the next fair day, for ſix years, or one year, as may be moſt agreeable,

THE FERRY and appurtenances thereunto belonging, at preſent in the occupation of Mr. William Ward.—The rent to be paid quarterly and approved ſecurity given to the Subſcriber.—Poſſeſſion will be given on the 10th of November next.

SUSANNA F. HAWKINS.

June 5, 1787.

POETRY.

The WATER-MILL. A SIMILE.

"OBSERVE my friend, yon Water-Mill,
And liſten whilſt I ſhow,
What ſage reflection thence diſtil,
What leſſons from it flow.

ABOVE, with ſmooth and ſilent pace
The current bends its force;
BELOW, it runs a rapid race,
Foams boiſt'rous, rough, and hoarſe.

So, Wiſdom works—ſtill, deep, and ſtrong,
On uſeful purpoſe bent;
THUS, Folly's bubbles float along,
In uſeleſs clamour ſpent.

So Friendſhip's ſteady, ſilent care,
Comes on with real aid;
THUS, the loud boaſt, and promiſe fair,
Fly from us as they're made.

So Courtſhip's placid currents flow,
With love and pleaſure high;
THUS, wedlock roars, and down we go,
Mere BUBBLES till we die."

FORMERLY by advertiſement I requeſted all thoſe that were indebted to me to come and ſettle their accounts, but little regard was paid thereto.——I once more, and for the laſt time in this way, call upon every one that is indebted to me either by bond, bill, promiſſary note, open account, or otherwiſe to come and pay the ſame.—Likewiſe, all thoſe that I owe, or may think I do owe them, to bring in their accounts that they may be adjuſted and paid by myſelf in my life-time—for I am determined to have my accounts ſettled (if poſſible) and ſpeedily, as I intend once more to croſs the
By this method I mean to prevent ac-
ng trumped up againſt my eſtate after I am
robably would never have appeared had
e ſpot, or alive.—For in the courſe of
ears that I have been in buſineſs too
of this deſcription have I ſeen.—There
ut a thouſand pounds firſt coſt of
D S, that may be had on good
WO LOTS, one of them improved
lately been fenced in.—Alſo ſome
will either ſell or hire.

JOHN MUIR.

perſons from dealing
in any manner whatever,
cular orders; as I ſhall deal
rects.

S for Sale.

To be ſold in fee-ſimple, or let on ground-rent,

A NUMBER of LOTS equal to any in town, on King, Water and Union ſtreets.—A plat of the ground may be ſeen and terms known at Meſſrs. PORTER and INGRAHAM's and D. and L. M'PHERSON's.——I will let the whole of theſe lots together, with a proſpect of great advantage, to any perſon inclined to ſpeculate.

V. PEERS.

May 3, 1787.

IN conſideration of the ſcarcity of caſh, and the deſires of many to ſend mares to the General's Jacks, who are unable, or unwilling to pay the ſum of five guineas, I am authorized to declare that theſe Jacks, viz. ROYAL-GIFT and the KNIGHT of MALTA, will cover the remaining part of this ſeaſon, which now ſuits beſt, at Five Pounds or Eight Barrels of Corn; and to add, that if thoſe who have already had mares or jennies, incline to ſend more, the difference between five guineas and five pounds ſhall be allowed in payment for the latter.—The terms in all other reſpects are the ſame as have been advertiſed.

JOHN FAIRFAX, Overſeer.

Mount-Vernon, May 8, 1787.

To be Sold,

Agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of Jacob Janney, deceaſed,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing about 340 acres, lying on and about the Catoctin Mountain, in the County of Loudon and State of Virginia, within about 3 or 4 miles of Leeſburg, and the main road leading from thence to Snickers's Gap runs through the ſame. There is a log dwelling houſe, about 50 or 60 acres of cleared land, and an apple and peach orchard which ſeldom fail of producing good crops thereon. The land is ſtrong and fertile and we think will anſwer to divide into two farms.—The terms will be made known on applying to the Subſcribers near the premiſes.

BLEACKSTONE JANNEY, } Executors.
ISRAEL JANNEY, }

May 14, 1787.

Jeſſe Taylor,

Hath imported in the Charlotte, Captain Lambert, and the Mary, Captain Andrews, from London, and the Fame, Captain Wilſon, from Dublin, a conſiderable quantity of MERCHANDISE, which with thoſe now on hand make a general aſſortment, and which he will ſell on reaſonable terms for caſh or country produce; the following are a part, viz.

IRISH yard-wide and ⅞ linens,
White and brown ſheetings,
Oſnaburgs and hempen rolls,
Dowlas and ſacking,
Printed linens and cottons,
Chintzes,
Printed muſlins,
Plain and flowered ditto,
Muſlin aprons and handkerchiefs,
Fine needle worked ditto,
Needle worked lawn aprons and handkerchiefs,
Black and white ſouflee gauze ditto,
Black and white ſilk gauze ditto,
Kenting ditto,
Cambricks and lawns,
Black and white ſilk and ſouflee gauze,
A variety of Chineſe and other ribbons,
Perſians, luſtrings and modes,
Sewing ſilk and twiſt,
Silk and cotton handkerchiefs,
Bandano and romal ditto,
Printed and check ditto,
Ladies' ſilk gloves and mits,
Silk ſtockings,
Cloth cloaks with ermine and gimp,
Ladies' faſhionable hats,
Mens', boys' and girls' ditto,
Dutch lace and edgings,
Black and white lace,
Silk, cotton and thread laces,
Tapes, garters and pins,
Mens' thread ſtockings,
Womens' ditto,
Scotch, taylors' and aſſorted threads,
Nonſopretty and quality binding,
Durants and tammies,
Shalloons and rattinets,
Calamancoes and everlaſtings,
Princes ſtuff,
Bombaſines and crapes,
Moreens and wildbores,
Caſſimers and ſagathees,
Ratteens and German ſerge,
Broadcloths and trimmings,
Printed and plain velverets,
Ditto jeans and jeanets,
Ditto beaver and fuſtian,
Pillow and pocket fuſtians,
Satinets and denims,
Marſeilles quiltings with and without borders,
Dutch rope and corded dimities,
Plain and corded white jeans,
Plain and ſtriped ſilk velvets,
Striped hollands and checks,
Bonnet paper,
Writing-paper,
Quills,
Inkpowder,
Pencils,
Ink-holders,
Wafers and ſealing-wax,
Playing cards,
Shaving boxes, &c.
Scrubbing, ſweeping and hearth bruſhes,
Ivory and horn combs,
Paper and tinſnuff-boxes,
Neſts of gilt trunks,
Cotton and wool cards,
Gunpowder and ſhot,
Bar-lead and brimſtone,
Glauber's ſalt,
Jeſuits bark,
Bottled porter in hampers,
Bottled beer in caſks,
Fig blue and indigo,
Durham muſtard,
Allſpice,
Knives and forks,
Cutteau and pen knives,
Shoe, knee and ſtock buckles,
Plated ſpurs and buckles,
Watch chains, ſeals and keys,
Deſk locks and mounting,
Cheſt and cupboard locks,
Hinges and files,
Gimblets and augers,
Chiſels,
Carpenters' and lathing hammers,
Carpenters' and wood axes,
Carpenters' rules,
Ditto compaſſes,
Mariners' ſcales and dividers,
Trowels and drawing-knives,
Coopers' adzes and axes,
Handſaws and marking-irons,
Common and box ſad-irons,
Steelyards,
Fiſhing-hooks and Jews harps,
Womens' and taylors' thimbles,
Mens' and womens' ſtirrup-irons,
Common and plated bridle bits,
Straining-irons,
Saddlers' tacks and awl blades,
Straining and diaper web,
Girth and ſurcingle web,
Womens' and mens' ſaddles and bridles,
Pewter diſhes, plates and baſons,
Ditto table and tea ſpoons,
Ditto tea and chamber pots,
Copper and tin coffee and tea kettles,
Japanned tea and coffee pots,
Pocket looking-glaſſes,
Shoes and boots,
Snuff in bottles,
Rum, ſugar and coffee,
Teas,
Tea-cups and ſaucers,
A variety of crockery ware,
Liverpool and French ſalt, &c. &c.

Alexandria, May 31, 1787.

FOR the accommodation of the public, and in particular the citizens of Alexandria and George-Town, an elegant STAGE COACH is now eſtabliſhed, which will alternately proceed to and from the abovementioned places every day in the week, Sundays excepted.——The Proprietor has introduced this arrangement to co operate with his regular Poſt-Stages from Baltimore by the way of George-Town, in order that the latter may be equally benefited with the uſe of the ſtages and the reception of the public mail.——No alteration of this eſtabliſhment the public may reſt aſſured will take place unleſs the advantages ſhould be incompetent to the expence.

GABRIEL P. VANHORNE.

May 10, 1787.

FOR SALE,

A PAIR of half worn COLOGNE MILL-STONES, together with a full SET of IRON WORKS for a double geered Grift-Mill.

LEWIS HIPKINS.

Little-Falls of Potomack,
May 21, 1787.

I HAVE on hand about One Thouſand Pounds firſt coſt of GOODS, which I will ſell at a low advance, for caſh, bills, tobacco or flour, and will give a reaſonable credit.

JOSEPH NOBLE BAYNES.

Piſcataway, Prince-George's County, May 16, 1787.

On Monday the 18th of June next, being Fairfax Court, will be ſold at the Court-Houſe, for ready-money and ſhort credit,

SEVERAL valuable NEGROES, of every age and ſex, moſt of them the property of Doctor George D. Alexander, deceaſed.

Likewiſe, the STOCK of all kinds will be ſold either at private or public ſale.

Alſo, LAND to be rented and ſold.

☞ Every perſon indebted to the eſtate of Doctor GEORGE D. ALEXANDER and to me are deſired to make immediate payment, otherwiſe ſuits will be brought againſt them.

ROBERT ALEXANDER.

May 23, 1787.

To be ſold for ready-money, at Leeſburg, on Tueſday the 12th of June next, being Loudon Court week, agreeable to the laſt will of Doctor Jacob Coutſman, deceaſed,

THE reſidue of the deceaſed's eſtate, in order for a diviſion thereof, conſiſting of two HOUSES and LOTS, alſo two NEGRO WOMEN, one of them has two children.—For a more accurate deſcription of this property inquire of

PATRICK CAVAN.

Leeſburg, Loudon County,
May 21, 1787.

☞ Said Cavan wiſhes to ſell or rent a variety of HOUSES and LOTS in ſaid town, on reaſonable terms.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the commons of Alexandria, the latter end of laſt winter, TWO HORSES, the one a ſmall dark bay gelding (I believe) marked G. paces a little and rather dull; the other a bright bay horſe colt, uncut and unbroke, about 3 years old, and a blaze face.—If any one can inform me where they are, or bring them to me, he ſhall be reaſonably rewarded.

ROBERT ALEXANDER.

May 23, 1787.

THE partnerſhip of THOMAS PETERS and CO. late proprietors of the Baltimore ſtrong beer brewery, being diſſolved, the public are hereby adviſed that the ſaid brewery will be hereafter carried on under the firm of PETERS and CO.—It being the intention of the preſent proprietors, ſo ſoon as barley can be procured, to carry on the buſineſs in an extenſive and punctual manner, both for ſhipping and houſe conſumption. Great attention will be paid to the quality of the ſtrong and ſmall beer brewed at ſaid works——But as inconvenience and loſſes have ariſen from giving credit, thoſe who may favor the Company with their orders, will be pleaſed to obſerve, that in future no beer will be delivered before the money is paid.

A good price will be given for any quantity of BARLEY or HOPS delivered at the works.

PETERS and CO.

Baltimore, May 21, 1787.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away on the 11th of April, from the Rope-Walk owned by Mr. James Irvine, a handſome Mulatto man, named ANTHONY, the property of the Subſcriber; he is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, has a very pleaſing countenance, black hair which he ſometimes wears cued; He had on and took with him a brown coat, white jacket, black breeches, white thread ſtockings, and ſhoes and buckles; he has alſo a ſilver watch and ſome gold.—It is probable that he may change his clothes.—He can read and I have no doubt but he has a paſs.—As he has been brought up to the rope-making buſineſs, it is probable that he will attempt to hire himſelf to that buſineſs as a freeman.—I have reaſon to ſuppoſe that he was ſeduced away by a white woman.—Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and returns him to his maſter, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS if taken in this County, if 40 miles TWENTY DOLLARS, if 60 miles THIRTY DOLLARS, and if further the above reward.

DENNIS RAMSAY.

Alexandria, May 3, 1787.

LENT,

A VOLUME of ALEXANDRIA NEWSPAPERS.—It is requeſted it may be left at the Printing-Office.

Alexandria, May 24, 1787.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.